APPENDIX C

SUMMARY OF DISTRICT IC ENGINE RULES

SUMMARY OF DISTRICT IC ENGINE RULES

Note that this appendix contains summaries of the district rules. Please refer to the actual district rules for complete text.

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	Rule/Measure/Date
	Bay Area AQMD
	Regulation 9, Rule 8
	01/20/1993
Applicability	\geq 250 bhp; partly or completely gaseous fueled
Limits	CO – 2000 ppmv @ 15% oxygen
	Natural gas fuels
	Rich-burn
	NOx – 56 ppmv @ 15% oxygen
	Lean-burn
	NOx – 140 ppmv @ 15% oxygen
	Waste-derived fuels
	Rich-burn
	NOx – 210 ppmv @ 15% oxygen
	Lean-burn
	NOx – 140 ppmv @ 15% oxygen
Exemptions	Engines used solely as emergency standby sources of power
	■ Engines < 250 bhp
	Engines fired exclusively on liquid fuels
	Engines used in agricultural operations
	■ Engines ≤ 1000 bhp and < 200 hrs/year operation
	■ Engines > 1000 bhp and < 100 hrs/year operation
Administrative	■ Maintain records of hours of operation for engines exempted due to low usage
Requirements	
Monitoring Period	Initial source test required by 3/31/97; results submitted by 5/31/97
Test Methods	NOx – ST-13 A or B
	CO – ST-6
	VOC – ST-14

	Rule/Measure/Date
	El Dorado County APCD
	Rule 233
	10/18/1994
Applicability	> 50 bhp, operated on gaseous fuels, LPG, or diesel
Limits	CO – 2000 ppmv
	Rich-Burn
	NOx – 90 ppmv @ 15% oxygen
	Lean-Burn
	NOx – 150 ppmv @ 15% oxygen
	Diesel
	NOx – 600 ppmv @ 15% oxygen
Exemptions	■ Agricultural operations
	■ ≤ 50 bhp engines
	■ Engines operating < 200 hours per year
	■ Emergency standby engines (maintenance limited to 50 hours/year)
	Research and testing
	■ Test stands used for evaluating engine performance
	■ Diesel engines with permitted capacity < 15%
	■ Diesel engines used to power cranes and welding equipment
Administrative	■ Maintain inspection log
Requirements	■ Documentation supporting exemption
	■ Annual emissions report
Monitoring Period	Annual source test
Test Methods	NOx – EPA Method 7E
	CO – EPA Method 10
	O2 – EPA Method 3A

	Rule/Measure/Date
	Kern County APCD
	Rule 427
	07/01/1999
Applicability	\geq 50 bhp; all fuel types
Limits	For engines > 50 bhp:
	Follow required NOx minimization maintenance schedule
	For engines > 250 bhp after 6/1/97:
	CO – 2000 ppm @ 15% oxygen
	Rich-Burn
	NOx – 50 ppm @ 15% oxygen or 90% reduction
	Lean-Burn
	NOx 125 ppm @ 15% oxygen or 80% reduction, or 2 gm/bhp-hr. if combustion
	modification used exclusively (125 ppm if no means to measure shaft power output)
	Diesel
	600 ppm @ 15% oxygen or 30% reduction
E	If engine efficiency exceeds 30%, ppm limits adjusted higher ■ Agricultural operations
Exemptions	 Agricultural operations Emergency standby engines operated < 200 hours per year
	 Enlergency standary engines operated < 200 hours per year Engines used for fire fighting or flood control
	Laboratory engines used in research and testing
	 Eaboratory engines used in research and testing Engines operated exclusively for performance verification and testing
	Portable engines not operated at the same site for more than one year
Administrative	Emission control plan required
Requirements	■ Engine service log
requirements	■ Engine operating log for engines subject to emission limits
	Source test required every calendar year
Monitoring	For engines > 250 hp:
Period	For lean-burn and diesel engines, monitor NOx and CO concentrations, or if catalysts are
	used, monitor flow rate of reducing compounds or air to fuel ratio
	Source test annually or if Control Officer is provided with documentation related to NOx
	emissions showing the engine has been operating as when last tested and the Control
	Officer has no reason to suspect non-compliance:
	Every two years; or by testing after no more than 1000 hours of operation
Test Methods	NOx – EPA Method 7E or ARB Method 100
	CO – EPA Method 10 or ARB Method 100
	O2 – EPA Method 3 or 3A, or ARB Method 100

	Rule/Measure/Date
	Mojave Desert AQMD
	Regulation 1160
	10/26/1994
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Applicability	≥ 500 bhp, located in Federal Ozone Nonattainment Area
Limits	CO – 4500 ppmv@ 15% oxygen
	Rich-Burn
	NOx – 50 ppmv @ 15% oxygen or 90% reduction
	Lean-Burn
	NOx – 140 ppmv @ 15% oxygen or 80% reduction
	Diesel
	NOx – 700 ppmv @ 15% oxygen or 30% reduction
	VOC –106 ppmv@ 15% oxygen, except 255 ppmv @ 15% oxygen at SCG Newberry
	Spring facility
Exemptions	■ < 500 bhp
	■ Engines operating < 100 hours over four continuous calendar quarters
	■ Emergency engines
	■ Engines located outside of the Federal Ozone Nonattainment Area
Administrative	■ Emission control plan
Requirements	■ Maintain log on each engine recording fuel use, maintenance performed, and other
	information required in Emission Control Plan
Monitoring	Engine inspection required once every calendar quarter or after every 2,000 hours of
Period	operation, whichever is more frequent
	Source test required every 12 months
Test Methods	NOx – EPA Method 7E
	CO – EPA Method 10
	VOC – EPA Methods 18, 25, and/or 25A
	O2 – EPA Method 3A
	Exempt Compounds – ASTM Method D 4457-85

	Rule/Measure/Date
	Sacramento Metropolitan AQMD
	Rule 412
	06/01/1995
Applicability	\geq 50 bhp, located at major stationary sources
Limits	RACT Emission Limits after 7/1/95:
	Rich-Burn
	NOx – 50 ppmv @ 15% oxygen
	CO – 4000 ppmv @ 15% oxygen
	NMHC – 250 ppmv @ 15% oxygen
	Lean-Burn
	NOx – 125 ppmv @ 15% oxygen
	CO – 4000 ppmv @ 15% oxygen
	NMHC – 750 ppmv @ 15% oxygen
	Diesel
	NOx – 700 ppmv @ 15% oxygen
	CO – 4000 ppmv @ 15% oxygen
	NMHC – 750 ppmv @ 15% oxygen
	NOx BARCT Emission Limits after 5/31/97:
	Rich-Burn
	25 ppmv @ 15% oxygen or 90% reduction
	Lean-Burn
	65 ppmv @ 15% oxygen or 90% reduction
	Diesel
	80 ppmv @ 15% oxygen or 90% reduction
Exemptions	■ Emergency standby
	■ Agricultural operations
	■ Test stands
	■ Emission control evaluation
	■ Non road engines
	■ Motor vehicles
	Flight line engines
Administrative Requirements	Operational record required
Monitoring	
Period	Source test required every 8,760 hours of operation or every 5 years, whichever is shorter
Test Methods	NMHC – EPA Method 25, or 25A and 18
	For spark-ignited engines:
	NOx, CO, O2 – ARB Method 100
	For diesel engines:
	NOx – EPA Method 7E
	CO – EPA Method 10
	O2 – EPA Method 3A

	Rule/Measure/Date
	San Diego County APCD
	Rule 69.4
	09/27/1994
Applicability	\geq 50 bhp, located at major stationary source
Limits	CO – 4500 ppmv @ 15% oxygen
	NOx – 50 ppmv @ 15% oxygen or 90% reduction (rich-burn, all fuels except waste-
	derived)
	NOx – 125 ppmv @ 15% oxygen or 84% reduction (lean-burn, also rich-burn, waste-
	derived fuels)
	NOx – 700 ppm @ 15% oxygen or 25% reduction (diesel)
Exemptions	■ Used in connection with a structure for not more than four families
	■ Agricultural operations
	■ Engines operated for < 200 hours per year
	Emergency standby engines operated ≤ 52 hours per year for maintenance
	■ Emergency standby engines at nuclear generating stations operated ≤ 500 hours per
	year for maintenance
	■ Military tactical deployable equipment operated ≤ 1000 hours per year
Administrative	■ Maintain maintenance records
Requirements	Keep operating log for engines exempt due to low usage
	■ Maintain monthly records for engine and control equipment parameters
Monitoring Period	None mentioned
Test Methods	ARB Method 100

	Rule/Measure/Date
	San Joaquin Valley Unified APCD
	Rule 4701
	11/12/1998
Applicability	Engine rated greater than 50 bhp and requiring a permit
Limits	CO – 2000 ppmv@ 15% oxygen
	For engines not owned by the Public Water District:
	Rich-Burn except beam-balanced or crank-balanced pumping engines
	NOx – 50 ppmv @ 15% oxygen or 90% reduction, VOC – 250 ppmv @ 15% oxygen
	Lean-Burn
	NOx – 75 ppmv @ 15% oxygen or 85% reduction, VOC – 750 ppmv @ 15% oxygen
	Diesel or dual-fuel
	NOx 80 ppmv @ 15% oxygen or 90% reduction, VOC – 750 ppmv @ 15% oxygen For engines owned by the Public Water District:
	Rich-Burn except beam-balanced or crank-balanced pumping engines
	NOx – 90 ppmv @ 15% oxygen or 80% reduction
	Lean-Burn
	NOx 150 ppmv @ 15% oxygen or 70% reduction
	Diesel or dual-fuel
	NOx – 600 ppmv @ 15% oxygen or 20% reduction
	For beam-balanced or crank-balanced pumping engines:
	NOx – 300 ppmv @ 15% oxygen
	For waste-gas engines:
	NOx 125 ppmv @ 15% oxygen or 80% reduction, VOC - 750 ppmv @ 15% oxygen
Exemptions	■ Agricultural operations
	■ Standby engines
	■ Engines used exclusively for fire fighting or flood control
	■ Laboratory engines used in research and testing
	■ Engines used for performance verification and testing
	Gas turbines
	Portable engines
	Natural gas-fired engines, when using other fuels during a natural gas curtailment, if
	operated no more than 336 hours per year on the other fuel
	Military tactical equipment
	Transportable enginesEngines rated at 50 bhp or fewer
Administrative	■ Emissions Control Plan required
Requirements	Maintain engine operating log
Monitoring Period	For engines with external control devices, CEMS for NOx, CO, and O2, or alternate
Montoring 1 Criou	monitoring system
	For engines without external control devices, monitor operational characteristics as
	recommended by the manufacturer or emission control supplier
	Source test required every 24 months
	■ Annual testing of a representative sample of engines allowed for sites with multiple
	identical engines
Test Methods	NOx – EPA Method 7E or ARB Method 100
	CO – EPA Method 10 or ARB Method 100
	O2 – EPA Method 3 or 3A, or ARB Method 100
	VOC – EPA Method 25 or 18, referenced as methane
	Bhp – Any method approved by the APCO and U.S. EPA

	Rule/Measure/Date
	San Luis Obispo County APCD
	Rule 431
	11/13/1996
Applicability	> 50 bhp
Limits	CO – 4500 ppmv @ 15% oxygen
	Rich-Burn
	NOx – 50 ppmv @ 15% oxygen or 90% reduction
	Lean-Burn
	NOx – 125 ppmv @ 15% oxygen or 80% reduction
	Diesel
	NOx 600 ppmv @ 15% oxygen or 30% reduction
Exemptions	■ Agricultural operations
	■ ≤ 50 bhp engines
	■ Engines operating < 200 hours per year
	■ Emergency standby engines (maintenance limited to 50 hours per year)
	Research and teaching
	■ Test stands used for evaluating engine performance
	■ Diesel engines used to power cranes and welding equipment
Administrative	■ Engine inspection plan required
Requirements	■ Inspection log required
Monitoring Period	Every 8,760 hours of operation or 3 years, whichever occurs first
Test Methods	NOx – ARB Method 100
	CO – ARB Method 100

	Rule/Measure/Date
	Santa Barbara County APCD
	Rule 333
	04/17/1997
Applicability	Engines ≥ 50 bhp and requiring a permit
Limits	Noncyclic Rich-Burn Engines
	NOx – 50 ppmv @ 15% oxygen or 90% control
	ROC – 250 ppmv @ 15% oxygen
	CO – 4500 ppmv @ 15% oxygen
	Noncyclic Lean-Burn Engines:
	NOx – 125 ppmv @ 15% oxygen or 80% control
	ROC – 250 ppmv @ 15% oxygen
	CO – 4500 ppmv @ 15% oxygen
	Cyclically-Operated Engines: NOx – 50 ppmv @ 15% oxygen or 90% control
	ROC – 250 ppmv @ 15% oxygen
	CO – 4500 ppmv @ 15% oxygen
	Diesel Engines:
	NOx – 8.4 g/bhp-hr. or 797 ppmv @ 15% oxygen
Exemptions	■ Engines operating on fuel consisting of 75% or more landfill gas
2pulous	■ Engines exempt from permit
	■ Engines operating fewer than 200 hours per year
Administrative	Quarterly inspections with portable NOx monitor and inspection of engine operating
Requirements	parameters
_	■ Bienniel source tests
	■ Annual source tests for two consecutive years if engine is non-compliant
	■ Engine operating log
	■ Compliance plan
	■ Engine inspection and maintenance plan
Monitoring Period	Every two years
Test Methods	NOx, CO, Oxygen – ARB Method 100
	ROC – EPA Method 18 or 25
	Fuel Composition – ASTM D-1945-81, ASTM D-3588-81, ASTM D-1072-80
	Pollutant Emission Rate – EPA Method 19

	Rule/Measure/Date
	Shasta County AQMD
	Rule 3.28
	04/01/1997
Applicability	Any gaseous, diesel, or any other liquid-fueled stationary internal combustion engine
	within the borders of the District
Limits	For engines > 50 bhp but ≤ 300 bhp:
	CO – 4500 ppmv @ 15% oxygen
	Rich-Burn
	NOx – 640 ppmv @ 15% oxygen
	Lean-Burn
	NOx – 740 ppmv @ 15% oxygen
	Diesel & all liquid-fired
	NOx 600 ppmv @ 15% oxygen
	For engines > 300 bhp:
	CO – 4500 ppmv @ 15% oxygen
	Rich-Burn
	NOx – 90 ppmv @ 15% oxygen
	Lean-Burn
	150 ppmv @ 15% oxygen
	Diesel & all liquid-fueled
E	NOx – 600 ppmv @ 15% oxygen
Exemptions	Agricultural operationsEmergency standby engines operated < 200 hours/year
	■ Any engine rated by the manufacturer ≤ 50 bhp if maintained to manufacturers
	specifications
	Gas turbine engines
	 Engines operated exclusively for fire fighting or flood control
	Laboratory engines operated in research and testing Laboratory engines operated in research and testing
	Existing IC engines to be permanently replaced with electric motors or removed from
	service by July 1, 1999 based upon a permit condition, contract, or binding agreement
	with the District
	Portable IC engines which have been registered and certified under the state portable
	equipment regulation
	Diesel IC engines manufactured prior to 1950 and operated less than 500 hours per
	year
Administrative	
Requirements	■ Engine operating log for engines subject to emission limits
Monitoring	Annual source testing of emissions
Period	
Test Methods	NOx – EPA Method 7E or ARB Method 100, or a method approved in writing by the
	APCO using a portable analyzer
	CO – EPA Method 10 or ARB Method 100, or a method approved in writing by the APCO
	using a portable analyzer
	O2 – EPA Method 3 or 3A, or ARB Method 100, or a method approved in writing by the
	APCO using a portable analyzer

	Rule/Measure/Date
	South Coast AQMD
	Rule 1110.1
	10/04/1985
Applicability	> 50 bhp, stationary, gaseous fueled engines only
Limits	Rich-Burn NOx – 90% reduction, initial test, 80% reduction thereafter, or 90 ppm at 15% oxygen
	CO – 2000 ppm at 15% oxygen
	Lean-Burn
	NOx/General – 80% reduction, initial test, 70% reduction thereafter, or 150 ppm at 15%
	oxygen
	NOx/Optional (combustion mods only) – 2 grams per bhp-hr.
Exemptions	■ Agricultural operations
	■ Emergency standby engines which operate fewer than 200 hours per year
	■ Fire fighting and or flood control
	■ LPG-fueled
	Research and testing
	■ Performance verification and testing
	■ Engines operating in the Southeast Desert Air Basin portion of Los Angeles and
	Riverside Counties
Administrative	Control Plan
Requirements	Control 1 Idii
Monitoring	N/A
Period	
Test Methods	N/A

	Rule/Measure/Date
	South Coast AQMD
	Rule 1110.2
	11/14/1997
Applicability	> 50 bhp, stationary and portable engines
Limits	Permanently remove engine, replace engine with an electric motor, or reduce emissions to the following: For stationary engines that generate electric power, are fired on landfill
	gas or sewage digester gas, are used for pumping water (except aeration facilities), are
	fueled by field gas, are integral engine compressors operating fewer than 4000 hours
	per year, or are LPG-fueled:
	NOx – engines \geq 500 bhp – 36 ppm @ 15% oxygen, engines $>$ 50 and $<$ 500 bhp – 45 ppm
	@ 15% oxygen
	VOC – 250 ppm @ 15% oxygen as methane
	CO – 2000 ppm @ 15% oxygen
	For all other stationary engines:
	NOx – 36 ppm @ 15% oxygen
	VOC – 250 ppm @ 15% oxygen as methane
	CO – 2000 ppm @ 15% oxygen
	For portable engines:
	Meet state limits equivalent to those in the State portable engine registration program
Exemptions	Agricultural operations
	Emergency standby engines which operate fewer than 200 hours per year
	Fire fighting and or flood control
	Research and testing Performance verification and testing
	 Performance verification and testing Engines locate in some parts of Riverside County
	Auxiliary engines used to power engines or gas turbines during start up
Administrative	Engines > 1000 bhp and > 2 million bhp-hr. per year must use continuous emissions
Requirements	monitoring for NOx
Requirements	 Monitoring system shall have data gathering and retrieval capability
	Operational and non-resettable totalizing time meter required
	Source testing of NOx, VOC, and CO every 3 years
	Maintain operating log
Monitoring	CEMS required for engines > 1000 bhp and > 2 million bhp-hr. per year
Period	Source test every three years
Test Methods	NOx – EPA Method 20 or District Method 100.1
	CO – EPA Method 10 or District Method 100.1
	VOC – EPA Method 25 or District Method 25.1

	Rule/Measure/Date
	Tehama County APCD
	Rule 4.34
	06/03/1997
Applicability	Any gaseous, diesel, or any other liquid-fueled stationary internal combustion engine within the borders of the District
Limits	For engines > 50 bhp but ≤ 300 bhp: CO $- 4500$ ppmv @ 15% oxygen
	Rich-Burn
	NOx – 640 ppmv @ 15% oxygen
	Lean-Burn
	NOx – 740 ppmv @ 15% oxygen
	Diesel & all liquid-fired
	NOx 600 ppmv @ 15% oxygen
	For engines > 300 bhp:
	CO – 4500 ppmv @ 15% oxygen
	Rich-Burn
	NOx – 90 ppmv @ 15% oxygen
	Lean-Burn
	150 ppmv @ 15% oxygen
	Diesel & all liquid-fueled
	NOx – 600 ppmv @ 15% oxygen
Exemptions	Agricultural operations
	Emergency standby engines operated < 200 hours/year
	Any engine rated by the manufacturer ≤ 50 bhp if maintained to manufacturers
	specifications
	Gas turbine engines
	 Engines operated exclusively for fire fighting or flood control Laboratory engines operated in research and testing
	Existing IC engines to be permanently replaced with electric motors or removed from
	service by July 1, 1999 based upon a permit condition, contract, or binding agreement
	with the District
	Portable IC engines which have been registered and certified under the state portable
	equipment regulation
	■ Diesel IC engines manufactured prior to 1950 and operated less than 500 hours per
	year
Administrative	·
Requirements	■ Engine operating log for engines subject to emission limits
Monitoring	Annual source testing of emissions
Period	
Test Methods	NOx – EPA Method 7E or ARB Method 100, or a method approved in writing by the
	APCO using a portable analyzer
	CO – EPA Method 10 or ARB Method 100, or a method approved in writing by the APCO
	using a portable analyzer
	O2 – EPA Method 3 or 3A, or ARB Method 100, or a method approved in writing by the
	APCO using a portable analyzer

	Rule/Measure/Date
	Ventura County APCD
	Rule 74.9
	12/21/1993
Applicability	Gas-fired, LPG, or diesel-fueled stationary internal combustion engine \geq 50 bhp, if such
	engines are not used in oil field drilling operations
Limits	CO – 4500 ppmv @ 15% oxygen
	Ammonia – 20 ppmv
	Rich-Burn
	NOx – 25 ppmv @ 15% oxygen or 96% control
	ROC – 250 ppmv @ 15% oxygen
	Lean-Burn
	NOx – 45 ppmv @ 15% oxygen or 94% control
	ROC – 750 ppmv @ 15% oxygen
	Diesel
	NOx – 80 ppmv @ 15% oxygen or 90% control
	ROC – 750 ppmv @ 15% oxygen Rich-Burn, waste gas
	NOx – 50 ppmv @ 15% oxygen
	ROC – 250 ppmv @ 15% oxygen
	Lean-Burn, waste gas
	NOx – 125 ppmv @ 15% oxygen
	ROC – 750 ppmv @ 15% oxygen
Exemptions	■ Engines rated less than 50 bhp
	Engines operated less than 200 hours per year
	Emergency standby engines operated only during emergencies and for no more than
	50 hours per year for maintenance purposes
	■ Engines used in research and teaching
	■ Engine test stands used for evaluating engine performance
	■ < 100 bhp emitting NOx \leq 5 g/bhp-hr., used in cogeneration
	■ Diesel engines limited to 15% or less annual capacity factor
	■ Diesel engines used to power cranes and welding equipment
Administrative	■ Engine Operator Inspection Plan
Requirements	■ Inspection log
	Annual usage
1.	■ Annual source test
Monitoring Period	Annual source test
Test Methods	NOx, CO, Oxygen – ARB Method 100
	ROC – EPA Method 18 or 25, reference to methane
	Heating value of fuel oil – ASTM D240-87
	Heating value of gaseous fuels – ASTM D1826-77
	Ammonia – BAAQMD Method ST-1B

	Rule/Measure/Date
	Yolo-Solano AQMD
	Rule 2.32
	08/10/1994
Applicability	> 50 bhp, operated on gaseous fuels, LPG, or diesel
Limits	CO – 2000 ppmv @ 15% oxygen
	5/31/95 limits:
	NOx – 9.5 gm/bhp-hr. or 640 ppmv @ 15% oxygen (rich-burn), 10.1 gm/bhp-hr. or 740
	ppmv @ 15% oxygen (lean-burn), 9.6 gm/bhp-hr. or 700 ppmv @ 15% oxygen (diesel)
	If 5/31/95 limits not met, then following limits apply by 5/31/97:
	NOx – 90 ppmv @ 15% oxygen (rich-burn), 150 ppmv @ 15% oxygen (lean-burn), 600
	ppmv @ 15% oxygen (diesel)
	If 5/31/95 and 5/31/97 limits not met, engine must be removed by 5/15/99
Exemptions	■ Agricultural operations
	■ ≤ 50 bhp engines
	■ Engines operating < 200 hours per year
	■ Emergency standby engines (maintenance limited to 50 hours/year)
	Research and teaching
	■ Test stands used for evaluating engine performance
	■ Diesel engines with permitted capacity < 15%
	■ Diesel engines used to power cranes and welding equipment
Administrative	■ Engine operator inspection plan required
Requirements	■ Inspection log required
Monitoring	Annual source test
Period	
Test Methods	NOx – EPA Method 7E
	CO – EPA Method 10
	O2 – EPA Method 3A
	Heating value of oil – ASTM Method D240-87
	Heating value of gaseous fuel – ASTM Method D1826-77